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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/676,847	10/01/2003	Wouter Bernard Veldhuis	2183-6139US	3770
24247	7590	11/17/2005	EXAMINER	
TRASK BRITT P.O. BOX 2550 SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84110			SEHARASEYON, JEGATHEESAN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1647	

DATE MAILED: 11/17/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/676,847

Applicant(s)

VELDHUIS ET AL.

Examiner

Jegatheesan Seharaseyon, Ph.D

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 October 2005.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>10/14/2005</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response Applicants response filed 10/14/2005. Claim 17 has been amended. Claims 18-20 have been added. Thus, claims 1-20 are pending and are the subject of this action.
2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U. S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
3. The Office acknowledges the submission of modified figures.
4. The Office acknowledges the submission of IDS dated 10/14/2005.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, first paragraph, scope of enablement maintained

5. The rejection of claims 1-17 and 18-20 (newly added) under 35 U.S.C 112, first paragraph, as lacking enablement is maintained for reasons of record in the Office Action dated 3/31/2005 (see pages 3-5).

The specification while enabling for a method of administering full-length IFN- β to treat hypoxia/ischemia, related blood flow resistance, including treating cell death as a result of hypoxia/ischemia does not reasonably provide enablement for a method of administering functional parts, derivatives, and/or analogues of IFN- β to treat or prevent hypoxia/ischemia, related blood flow resistance, including treating cell death as a result of hypoxia/ischemia. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but are not found to be persuasive. Specifically with respect to functional part, derivative and/or analogue of IFN- β , Applicants argue that interferons are long-studied group of proteins. It is asserted that one of ordinary skill in the art is well aware of functional parts, suitable derivatives and analogues of IFN- β . Furthermore, claims as written also read on any

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derivatives and/or analogues of IFN- β irrespective of its functional status. Applicants on pages 6-8 of response filed 10/14/2005 discuss extensively about interferons and its derivatives claiming that one of ordinary skill in the art can rely on the large body of interferon art to produce many different derivatives or analogues of IFN- β . While it is true that there exists substantial information in the art about IFN- β and its derivatives, there is no teaching in the art nor have the Applicants provided the identity of the "functional part" of IFN- β that is responsible for reduction of post-ischemic damage activity. As such, a person of ordinary skill in the art would not know how to make the invention as claimed and would require undue experimentation. While making derivatives and analogues of IFN- β may be well known to one of skilled in the art, making derivatives and analogues of IFN- β that are capable of reducing post-ischemic damage activity are beyond the capabilities. Furthermore, Applicants have only presented a single working example of using IFN- β (see page 11, paragraph [0039]) without providing any direction or guidance to identify the functional parts, derivatives, and/or analogues of IFN- β to treat or prevent hypoxia/ischemia. Therefore, due to breadth of claims regarding functional part, derivative and/or analogue of IFN- β , as well as the lack of guidance and working examples of derivative or analogue of IFN- β and the lack of predictability of the activities resulting from the changes to IFN- β , the examiner maintains that undue experimentation is required to practice the claimed invention.

In addition, claim 17 remains rejected because the claims are drawn to "preventing cell death". Applicants' amendment is inadequate to overcome the rejection

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of record. Namely, Applicants have shown that IFN- β can decrease lesions following hypoxia/ischemia, but do not provide evidence of totally preventing cell death.

Furthermore, there is no evidence in the literature of any treatment that can totally preventing cell death following hypoxia/ischemia. Therefore, the rejection record is maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, 1st paragraph, written description, maintained.

6. The rejection of claims 1-17 and 18-20 (newly added) under 35 U.S.C 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement is maintained for reasons of record in the Office Action dated 3/31/2005 (see pages 5-8).

Applicants argue that the specification provides adequate written description for a method of administering functional parts, derivatives, and/or analogues of IFN- β to treat or prevent hypoxia/ischemia, related blood flow resistance, on pages 8 and 9 of the specification. In addition, Applicants contend that structures of the claimed compounds are not required. Further, Applicants cite MPEP 2163(a)(ii) to support their assertion. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered, but are not found to be persuasive. Contrary to Applicants' assertion, MPEP 2163(a)(ii) states that "the written description requirement for a claimed genus may be satisfied by... functional characteristics coupled with a known or disclosed correlation between function and structure... sufficient to show the applicant was in possession of the invention." However, there is no correlation between IFN- β structure (functional part) and decrease in lesions following hypoxia/ischemia that has been demonstrated by the disclosure or the interferon art. For example, MPEP 2163 1(A) states "The claimed invention as a whole

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may not be adequately described where an invention is described solely in terms of a method of its making coupled with its function and there is no described or art-recognized correlation or relationship between the structure of the invention and its function. A biomolecule sequence described only by a functional characteristic, without any known or disclosed correlation between that function and the structure of the sequence, normally is not a sufficient identifying characteristic for written description purposes, even when accompanied by a method of obtaining the claimed sequence". In the instant, Applicants have not demonstrated a correlation between that function and the structure of the sequence IFN- β . Therefore, rejection of record as claims lack in written description is maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, 2nd paragraph, withdrawn.

7. The rejection of claims 1-17 under 35 U.S.C 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps or as being indefinite is withdrawn because Applicants arguments are deemed to be persuasive.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103, maintained

8. The rejection of claims 1-17 and 18-20 (newly added) under 35 U.S.C 103(a) as being obvious over Wee Yong et al. (1998) in view of Boyle et al. (1996) and Saikumar et al. (1998) is maintained for reasons of record in the Office Action dated 3/31/2005 (see pages 9-11).

Applicants appear to argue that even if one would decide that an anti-inflammatory property is an essential quality for a method for the treatment H/I related blood flow resistance, one's choice would not likely be interferon. Applicants contend

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that the mere fact that a compound has an anti-inflammatory effect does not make it suitable for a method on invention. Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. Further, they do not show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.

Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but are not found to be persuasive. However, Applicants have not indicated why one of skilled in the art cannot combine the art of record. In addition, Applicants have not provided any evidence to indicate that why one cannot combine art provided to arrive at the instant invention in light of Wee Yong et al.'s teachings, which indicate that IFN- β has known anti-inflammatory properties and Boyle et al.'s recognition that hypoxia/ischemia related injuries are proinflammatory processes. The art provided by the Office taught the motivation and the rationale for the expectation of success associated with it. It is noted "only a reason, suggestion or motivation need appear in the cited prior art in order to combine references under 35 U.S.C. 103. *Pro Mold Tool Col. v. Great Lakes Plastics, Inc.*, 75 F.3d 1568, 1573, 37 USPQ2d 1626, 1629 (Fed. Cir. 1996)". Therefore claims 1-20 remain rejected as being obvious over Wee Yong et al. (1998) in view of Boyle et al. (1996) and Saikumar et al. (1998).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102, maintained

9. The rejection of claims 1-17 and 18-20 (newly added) under 35 U.S.C 102(b) as being anticipated by Sano et al. (EP 0797998 A1) or Sano et al. (JP 09151337) is

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maintained for reasons of record in the Office Action dated 3/31/2005 (see pages 11-12).

Applicant contends that teaching of Sano et al. (EP 0797998 A1) is directed to the protection of endothelial cells. It is also asserted that one cannot extrapolate the results obtained in umbilical endothelial cells to other sources. Applicants also argue that there is no data presented from the endothelial cell culture. Applicants also contend that Sano et al. does not perform "administering to an individual" and assert that only *in vitro* data is presented. Applicant also requests the Office maintain the same standard with respect to enablement with respect to experimental support. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but are not found to be persuasive. Contrary to the Applicants arguments the anti-inflammatory properties of IFN- β are inherent to this protein and thus are not dependent on the cells or diseases treated. Although Sano et al. may not have appreciated the full effect of IFN- β , the treatment itself nonetheless meets the limitations of the claim. Despite the fact that applicants may have been the first to characterize the effect of IFN- β in the treatment of hypoxia/ischemia related blood flow resistance that effect would inherently have occurred in the cells treated by Sano et al. The Examiner notes the decision in *Swinehart and Sfiligoj*, 169 USPQ 226, in which it was found that mere recitation of a newly discovered function or property, inherently possessed by things in prior art, does not cause claim drawn to those things to distinguish over prior art. Although the prior art did not necessarily appreciate the mechanism by which the effect was attained, it clearly teaches the same method, using the same active agent, as the rejected claims. Furthermore, contrary to Applicants

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assertion that only *in vitro* methods are taught, Sano et al. contemplate the administration of the IFN orally or non-orally directly or in the form of pharmaceutical compositions to various diseases (see column 6, 7 and the claims).

In addition, Applicants also argue that Sano et al. (JP 09151337) is concerned with multiplication of smooth muscle cells. Applicants assert that inhibiting multiplication of smooth muscle cells is not an element of the claimed inventions. It is further claimed that administration of interferon in a method of the invention is thus performed for a different part of the vascular system and with different purpose. Applicants' arguments have been fully considered but are not found to be persuasive. Contrary to the Applicants arguments the anti-inflammatory properties of IFN- β are inherent to this protein and thus are not dependent on the cells or diseases treated. Although the prior art did not necessarily appreciate the mechanism by which the effect was attained, it clearly teaches the same method, using the same active agent, as the rejected claims. Therefore, claims 1-17 and 18-20 (newly added) remain rejected under 35 U.S.C 102(b) as being anticipated by Sano et al. (EP 0797998 A1) or Sano et al. (JP 09151337).

Double Patenting, rejection maintained

10. The rejection of claims 1-17 and 18-20 (newly added) remain provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-21 of copending Application No. 10/678,957 for reasons of record in the Office Action of 3/31/2005. It is noted that Applicants have not responded to these rejections in the reply filed 10/14/2005.

11. No claims are allowable.

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12. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within **TWO MONTHS** of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the **THREE-MONTH** shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than **SIX MONTHS** from the date of this final action.

Contact information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jegatheesan Seharaseyon whose telephone number is 571-272-0892. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 8:30-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brenda Brumback can be reached on 571-272-0961. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JS 11/05


ROBERT S. LANDSMAN, PH.D.
PRIMARY EXAMINER